Historic, archived document

Do not assume content reflects current scientific knowledge, policies, or practices.

HILL'S WHOLESALE

TRADE LIST



3

Spring 1926

Hill's Choice Evergreens

AND

General Nursery Stock

Located 42 miles northwest of Chicago. Hourly service from Chicago via C.A.& E. Electric Line direct to Office and Nursery Founded 1855 Incorporated 1910 500 Acres 71 Years Bell Telephone Dundee 217

The D. HILL NURSERY CO., Inc.

EVERGREEN SPECIALISTS-LARGEST GROWERS IN AMERICA

DUNDEE, ILLINOIS

The D. Hill Nursery Co., Inc.

D. HILL, President

Evergreen Specialists-Largest Growers in America

Dundee, Illinois

(Near Chicago)

This List Cancels All Previous Editions
TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF SALE

TERMS OF PAYMENT:

- 1. Cash Plan. Whereby we book the order, reserve the stock, notifying you a few days prior to shipping time when remittance can be sent and shipment will be forwarded promptly. This cash plan earns 3% discount and free boxing. This is equivalent to between 6 and 8% profit on the goods before you receive them.
- 2. Partial Payment Plan. Whereby ¼ amount of order is remitted in advance and balance goes forward freight or express C. O. D. payable at destination.
- 3. Charge Account Plan. Goods will be shipped on charge account on usual terms only to customers of approved credit who supply satisfactory trade and bank reference, allowing time for investigation. Terms 30 days net.
- CONDITIONS—We accept all orders upon condition that they shall be void should any injury befall stock from causes over which we have no control. At the moderate price at which we sell our goods we give no warranty except genuineness, expressed or implied, the purchaser assuming all risk and responsibility of the transportation, planting, growth and life of stock. Our responsibility ceases when goods are turned over to carrier. Prices do not include any guarantee as to growth.
- BOXING AND PACKING—Boxing and packing will be charged for at actual cost of material used except on cash orders. We make no charge for delivery to the railroad station.
- RATES—Five of same variety and size at the ten rate. Fifty of the same variety and size at the 100 rate. Five hundred of the same variety and size at the 1,000 rate.
- PRICES—Are limited to Spring 1926, and supersede all previous lists and ARE SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE.
- CLAIMS—For any cause will receive consideration only when made within 5 days after the arrival of goods.
- SPECIAL NOTICE—Correspondents are requested to use their printed business letterheads. This list is for the trade only and in justice to our trade customers we use every possible effort to limit distribution of trade prices to those we know to be entitled to receive them. USE PRINTED STATIONERY.
- LOCATION—We are situated in Northern Illinois, on well drained, rich, fertile soil, located forty-two miles northwest of Chicago. Visitors are always welcome. For complete directions for reaching Nursery see page 24.

NOTE:—Copy of our complete retail descriptive catalog of Evergreens in colors will gladly be sent upon request. Illustrations and descriptions are accurate, authentic and true to life.



A Bird's Eye View of the Hill Nursery

Hill's Choice Evergreens for Lining Out

It has been our steadfast purpose for over 70 years to continually select and seek out better, hardier types; and improve existing forms. There are in almost every instance, trees and shrubs of distinctly more desirable habits, outline, color or hardiness, for those who seek them out. In our search for seeds, which we assemble from the four corners of the earth, we are continually striving to obtain stocks that are better adapted to U. S. A. conditions. Through careful selection we constantly strive to improve the strains by reproducing only those truest to type. This is a service we are proud to offer to American Nurserymen who recognize the significance of this vital matter.

Variety Abies Arizonica (Arizona Fir)

One of the most striking and beautiful Evergreens. It grows tall and slender and makes an elegant specimen. The foliage is silvery blue, often surpassing the coloring of the Blue Spruce. The bark is of a corky nature and of a light cream color. We offer the true hardy type from high altitudes in Arizona. Abies Lasiocarpa, a variety sometimes offered as Arizonica, lacks many points of merit compared to the true hardy variety which we grow.

x Once Transplanted

Abies Balsamea (Balsam Fir)

Foliage is dark green above, silvery beneath. Rapid grower. It has always been popular on account of its "Balsam odor." The characteristic odor of the northern woods is chiefly due to this fir. The young growths are often used for making the favorite "Balsam pillows." While our seed is gathered from northern sources it is true that Balsam Fir is usually not so long lived or desirable as some other varieties of Fir. Does very well in damp places.

4-6 inch x Once Transplanted..... 10.00 90.00 6-8 15.00140.00

Abies Brachyphylla (Abies Homolepis) (Nikko Fir)

"A handsome and promising tree in this climate (Massachusetts) is the Japanese Abies Homolepis, or as it has been more often called, Abies Brachyphylla. This is a large tree on the mountains of central Japan with dark green leaves, silvery white on the lower surface and violet purple cones. The largest specimen in the Hunnewell Pinetum is now 55 feet high with branches sweeping the ground. The Arboretum trees are smaller but already produce their handsome cones." Arnold Arboretum. It is quite rare at present and our stock is limited. This most excellent Fir should be more generally used.

12.5020.00

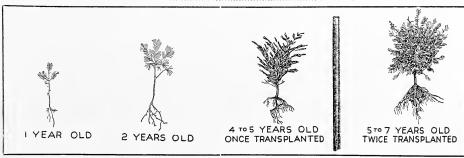
Abies Concolor (Concolor Fir)

The name Concolor, given to this tree by Dr. Engelmann, who discovered it about the middle of the last century, signifies even color—both the upper and under sides of the needles are beautiful grayish blue. A well-known evergreen authority says: "Concolor Fir is the showiest of all Firs. In my opinion it is the cheeriest of all Evergreens in winter. It retains its lower branches, has no insect enemies, and is the best Fir tree to withstand heat and drought."

We are careful to obtain our seed supply from northern Colorado, which produces trees of absolute hardiness, with striking foliage varying in color from light green to deep soft blue and with medium short needles.

The strain of Concolor Fir from New Mexico, where seed is cheap and abundant, is much inferior, inclined to winter-kill, and is of rather straggly, open appearance. Our trees are the true Colorado type. It is a tall symmetrical grower and is long lived under cultivation.

4-6 inch x Once Transplanted..... 140.00 15.0025.00240.00



DOUGLAS FIR

(Abies Douglassi) (Pseudotsuga Taxifolia) Colorado Variety

Since Dr. Archibald Menzies, a ship surgeon with Van Couver's expedition, first discovered it on Vancouver Island, in the year 1791, the Douglas Fil has been known by nearly thirty specific and varietal names. The name Pseudotsuga Taxifolia is now generally used. Pseudotsuga signifies like hemlock, or false hemlock, and taxifolia indicates its resemblance to the foliage of taxus, the yew. It was subsequently found in 1827 by David Douglas, a Scotch explorer, and was later named in his honor.

There are two distinct forms of Douglas Fir—one the dark green, gigantic-growing timber tree of the northwestern Pacific Coast area, and the other the type from Colorado. The latter variety is the one recommended, both for its hardiness and its great beauty.

the one recommended, both for its hardiness and its great beauty.

The typical form of young trees is an open, broad, sharp-pointed pyramid; the lower branches are straight or somewhat drooping, and the middle or higher ones trend upward.

Our plants are the type from northern Colorado, the seed being collected in deep gorges of high altitudes, where the blue and silvery foliage is characteristic. The growth is compact and symmetrical with rather short needles, in contrast to southern Colorado and New Mexico types which are of doubtful hardiness, irregular, and open growing. By personally supervising the collection of seed we grow only the genuine Colorado type, and can thus assure our customers that the trees from our nursery are superior in color and habit of growth—a tree that is widely appreciated in both Europe and America

and America.

It reaches 60 feet or more in height, with a spread of branches 12 to 18 feet. It is a rapid grower and thrives well in almost any situation. Plant with plenty of room for future development.

10 100 1000

Variety			10	100	1000
		lling Beds		\$4.50	\$ 35.00
8-10 " x 0	nce Transplante	d		15.00	140.00
10-12 " xx 7	Twice Transplar	nted	4.00	30.00	
1-1½ feet xx	" "	B&B	8.50	75.00	
1½-2 " xx	"	B&B	10.00	90.00	

Abies Fraseri (Fraser Fir) A type of Balsam Fir from the Alleghany Mountains. In some localities it does better than the Abies Balsamea. A compact pyramidal grower, needles dark green above, silvery beneath. Very hardy. 4-6 inch x Once Transplanted......\$.....\$..... \$10.00 \$90.00



AMERICAN HEMLOCK (Abies (Tsuga) Canadensis)

The late Josiah Hoopes, in his "Book of Evergreens," says: "The long, slender branches, drooping gracefully to the ground, present so beautiful a picture, it is indeed difficult to surpass it, and when we compare the rich dark green foliage of a healthy plant that is revised so executivity with the resided plan. that is varied so exquisitely with the marked glau-cousness of the under side of the leaves, we must admire a tree which presents such diversity of charms. A great mistake is continually being made by planting the Hemlock in dry situations; for while it cannot thrive in wet and swampy ground, it greatly prefers a rather moist, deep loamy soil and cool location, the better if partially shaded. In such spots the beauty of the foliage and luxuriant growth speedily develop

themselves in the highest degree."

The regular conical form, tapering evenly from a broad base to a long, straight, and thrifty shoot, is the common shape of this tree.

As a screen or hedge the Hemlock is greatly ad-

mired as it bears the shears well, grows thriftily, and is of a dark green color and very dense. The results are most satisfactory.

The Hemlock will remain small for many years if sheared, so that it can be especially recommended for

foundation groups and small yards.

In the past, many Hemlocks in American nurseries were imported from Europe, where they were propagated from seed collected in America in the southern states (the Carolinas, Tennessee, etc.). When these trees were shipped to America to colder climates they produced rather inferior types of trees which often winter-scalded, turned a ragged brown, or were killed outright. The value of our strain of Hemlock is based on seed selected from northern sources only, insuring trees of hardiness and free graceful unright. suring trees of hardiness and free graceful upright growth.

	10	100	1000
4-6 inch x Once Transplanted	\$	\$13.50	\$120.00
1-1½ feet xx Twice Transplanted, B&B			
1½-2 " xx " " B&B	12.50	115.00	***********

o-Indicates never transplanted. Suitable for bedding out. Each x indicates one transplanting. B&B signifies balled and burlapped.

Variety

Abies Veitchi (Veitch Fir) Attractive slender habit, suitable for limited areas of medium height. The attractive bright, shiny green foliage is silvery white beneath so that the swaying of the branches produces a most unusual sight. It is a tree of Japanese origin discovered by John Veitch, the English Nurseryman, in 1860 in the Japanese mountains. While it is considered hardy in the northern states somewhat sheltered positions are recommended.

4-6 inch x Once Transplanted...... \$12.00 \$110.00

Biota Orientalis (Chinese Arbor Vitae)

This is the familiar perpendicular branched Arbor Vitae generally having several stems, and producing a great many types. We obtain seed from northern China, insuring a strain best suited to conditions here. 20.00 3.00

4.00 30.00

JUNIPERUS CANADENSIS

(J. Communis) (J. Communis Depressa)

The well known, valuable many-stemmed Dwarf Juniper. Rarely exceeds 2 feet in height, good form of Juniper for ground cover. It is at home on sandy or gravelly hillsides fully exposed to the sun, where single plants often reach 15 feet or more in diameter. Is sometimes catalogued as Juniperus Communis which is erroneous. The name Juniperus Communis Depressa is also applied, which is a synonym. Grows native in various sections of the country, but we obtain our seed 100 1000 7.50\$65.00

140.00

Variety 10 100 1000 Juniperus Chinensis (Chinese Juniper)

One of the very finest hardy plants in cultivation. It forms a compact, pyramidal tree about 20 feet in height, of bright green color with glaucous prickly shoot in the spring. It has never been injured by the most severe winters. It also makes one of the leading Junipers for the South as it stands all kinds of planting conditions with remarkable ability. Its freedom from disease and great adaptability to extremes in temperature make it a most valuable plant. Do not overlook this valuable Juniper. 4-6 inch o 1 yr. From Seedling Beds.....\$.....\$..... \$ 5.00 \$40.00

Juniperus Chinensis Columnaris (Blue)

Of narrow pyramidal habit with foliage of bluish green cast. Choice and rare variety of very recent introduction.

1-1½ feet xx Twice Transplanted, B&B..... 15.00 xx165.00 Juniperus Chinensis Columnaris (Green)

Similar to the blue type except the foliage is a deep dark green. Same uniform pyramidal form. Very desirable.

1½-2 feet xx Twice Transplanted, B&B..... 17.50Juniperus Chinensis Pfitzeriana (Pfitzer's Juniper)

Originated some years ago in Pfitzer's Nursery, near Berlin, Germany. Introduced by Ludwig Spaeth into general cultivation, from whom we obtained our original plants for propagating. A wide, plumose and graceful Evergreen of healthy blue-green foliage. Branches grow horizontal from the stem. Height, to 10 feet.

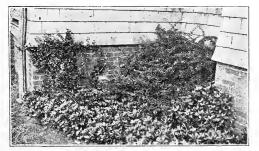
1-1½ feet xx Twice Transplanted, B&B..... 16.50150.00 $1\frac{1}{2}-2$ 175.00

XX " " " 18.50 17

o—Indicates never transplanted. Suitable for bedding out.
Each x indicates one transplanting. B&B signifies balled and burlapped. We allow 3% discount and box free when cash accompanies order.

PACHYSANDRA TERMINALIS

(Japanese Spurge)



Japanese Spurge as a border, Japanese Barberry in corner.

An Evergreen Vine. One of the few hardy broad-leaved Ever-greens that thrives in the north. Has thick glossy green foliage which remains on the plant the entire year. Grows about 6 inches high. Spreads out and soon forms a dense ground cover or underplanting. Also can be used as a low edging plant. Withstands temperatures of 15 to 20 degrees below zero. Does well in dense shade where grass will not grow; also thrives in sunny location.

6-8 inch. Once Trans. \$7.00 \$60.00

Spring, 1926 THE D. HILL NURSERY CO., DUNDEE,	ILIL.		
Variety	10	100	1000
Juniperus Chinensis Procumbens A dwarf variety from Japan, with robust, spreading, procumbent br.	anches and	d short	hranchlote
There is considerable variance among varieties offered as Procumbens, but we from the true strain consisting of hardy, compact growing plants.	are carefu	l to prop	agate only
8-10 inch x Once Transplanted	\$	\$40.00	\$
10-12 " xx Twice Transplanted, B&B	15.00	•••••	*********
1-1½ feet xx " " "	20.00	*******	***********
First collected by Professor Sargent in Japan in the autumn of 1892. The mat of wide-spreading branches covered with small dark green scale-like least the Arboretum it is now the handsomest of the prostrate Junipers. Fre fungus diseases.	nis Juniper ves, mixed e from att	forms a with poi ack of i	low dense inted ones. nsects and
6-8 inch x Once Transplanted	•••••	35.00	***************************************
The description given under the blue form applies to this, except for bright green instead of blue.	color. Th	e green	variety is
6-8 inch x Once Transplanted	•••••	35.00	***********
Juniperus Communis Depressa Plumosa	: C	£-1:	mbb.t.c
A recent introduction. This is a variation from Juniperus Canadensis has characteristic is the attractive and unusual reddish purple color during the for ground cover.	all and wi	nter mon	The chief oths. Ideal
8-10 inch x Once Transplanted		50.00	•••••
Juniperus Communis Hibernica (Irish Juniper) Very formal in outline and invaluable in Italian gardens or where are strongly emphasized. Foliage glaucous green. Grows 6 to 8 feet in height	hitectural	features	are to be
feet in diameter. Not hardy in the extreme north.	and not o		inu a nan
Juniperus Communis Suecica (Swedish Juniper)	******	20.00	•••••
Similar to Irish Juniper, but more narrow in outline. Where extremely tall slender habit is very striking. Glaucous green foliage.			desired the
6-8 inch x Once Transplanted	*******	20.00	•••••
Juniperus Excelsa Stricta (Spiny Greek Juniper) One of the leading dwarf varieties. Very dense, narrow and conical, h color. Thrives in all parts of the country. Originated in an English nursery and	aving a fir has had wid		y glaucous ution.
6-8 inch x Once Transplanted1-1½ feet xx Twice Transplanted, B&B		35.00	**********
Juninerus Sahina (Sayin Juniner)		but assu	ıme a half
A low spreading many branched Evergreen. Branches do not creep on terect habit. Height varies from 4 to 6 feet. Can be kept trimmed to at Central and Southern Europe. Prefers dry, rocky, sunny slopes. Very had 10,000 feet above sea level. The Savin Juniper was introduced into British gat it is mentioned in Turner's "Names of Herbs" published in 1548. Color is a	rdy, grow	ing from very ear	1 4,000 to ly date, as
8-10 inch x Once Transplanted	dark green	30.00	
10-12 " xx Twice Transplanted, B&B	15.00		•••••
1-172 Teet XX	17.50	•••••	**********
Hill's Waukegan Juniper (Juniperus Sabina Prostrata) An interesting new creeping Juniper. Very low and compact, making a in spring and summer, changing to a rich purple color in late fall. It grows	a dense ma	it. Soft	blue color
6 or 8 inches high but spreads out a dozen feet or more, depending upon soil of Hill's new introductions.	and plantin	ng condit	ions. One
8-10 inch x Once Transplanted	17 50	35.00	*********
10-12 " xx Twice Transplanted, B&B	17.50	********	*********
In this form the branches grow erect, making a very attractive bush a characteristic attractive green color of the Savin Juniper. Little known in ing variety.			se has the y interest-
1½-2 feet xx Twice Transplanted, B&B	25.00	•••••	*********
An excellent creeping dwarf variety. The foliage is fine in texture; averspread of 6 to 8 feet when full grown. Sometimes called Gray Carpet Juni leaved Juniper is also applied to it. It is said to occur wild in Sicily, Gree vigorous grower, forming a compact and perfect mat of bluish or gray-green. changes in color. Our stock is propagated from true stock from the Kew Ga 6-8 inch x Once Transplanted	age height per and the ce and oth Grows ve rdens in E	is one for the name ter places try dense try dense try 35.00	oot, with a Tamarisk- s. A very and never
1-1½ feet xx Twice Transplanted, B&B	20.00		**********
Juniperus Sabina Von Ehron		upright	and wide
A pretty, compact, very dwarf form bearing both juvenile and adult sprading. Branchlets crowded. This form soon spreads over the ground.	00.00	2 - 8	
1½-2 feet xx Twice Transplanted, B&B	$20.00 \\ 25.00$	*******	**********

o—Indicates never transplanted. Suitable for bedding out. Each ${\bf x}$ indicates one transplanting. B&B signifies balled and burlapped.

1000 100

Hill's Silver Juniper (Juniper Scopolorum)

This species of Juniper, native to the Black Hills, has a tendency to produce a large proportion of trees with beautiful blue foliage. At the same time it is quite variable in habit, producing many variations. Hill's Silver Juniper is narrow, compact, and symmetrical. It has one single stem, in contrast to some varieties of Junipers with several stems. This makes it safe from heavy snows and wind. The inner foliage does not turn brown, as in the Irish and Swedish Junipers, but remains a good healthy color throughout the tree.

RED CEDAR (Juniperus Virginiana) Platte River Type—Very Uniform

Pyramidal habit, dark green to bluish foliage. Our stock is the hardy northern strain. of the most useful and characteristic trees of our American landscapes, rivaling the Italian Cypress in beauty. Adapted for planting in all sections of the country. The propagation of this valuable Conifer has been a specialty with us for many years and we exercise great care in the selection of our strain of seed. Also used as an understock for grafting Junipers.

inch o 1 yr. From Seedling Beds.....\$...... \$ 4.00 \$30.00 6-8 66 o 2 yr. 66 6.00 50.00

SILVER CEDAR (Juniperus Virginiana Glauca) Choice Pyramid. Soft Blue Color

In this variety, the entire young growths are of almost silvery whiteness, which changes to beautiful bluish green in winter. It never grows very large—not over 15 to 20 feet—and it can be kept even smaller if desired. This is one of the foremost among the interesting group of Junipers that have been developed from J. Virginiana (Red Cedar). We constantly strive to improve our strain by careful selection, and reproduce only from the best type, most true to form, color, compactness, and habits of growth.

one season is required in the greenhouse for making the grafts and getting the trees started. Next, we transplant them into beds where they are shaded with lath shades and carefully watered, weeded, and cultivated. After two years in these beds, the plants are 6 to 10 inches in height. They are next planted in rows in the nursery where each tree is carefully fastened with three or four ties, to an iron stake. At the end of the two years that they remain in this stage, we start selling the sizes listed as (xx). The trees are then five years old. The larger sizes (xxx) are transplanted again before being sold. This continual process of transplanting, trimming, and careful attention to every detail insures plants that will give satisfaction in the hands of the planter. During the past few years this tree has increased in popularity until it is now found in every section of the country. It is one of the few Evergreens that grows just as well in the South as in our colder northern states. We have been unable to find the exact origin of this variety, although it is mentioned in writings of sixty years ago and is found in the English nursery catalogs of the early 70's.

10 100 1000

\$150.00 1½-2 feet xx Twice Transplanted, B&B.....\$16.50 \$.....

Varietv 100 1000

Juniperus Virginiana Kosteri

Larix Europea (European Larch)

We obtain our seed from Scotland where the best type is found. In spite of the objection to cones there is a strong demand for the Larch on account of its beautiful effect in early spring and in the fall when the needles turn yellow and golden.

8-10 inch o 2 yr. From Seedling Beds...... 3.0020.00

o 3 yr. From Seedling Beds..... 4.0030.00 Pachysandra Terminalis (Japanese Spurge)

An Evergreen Vine. One of the few hardy broad-leaved Evergreens that thrives in the north. Has thick glossy green foliage which remains on the plant the entire year. Grows about six inches high. Spreads out and soon forms a dense ground cover or under planting. Also can be used as a low edging plant. Withstands temperatures 15 to 20 degrees below zero. Does well in dense shade where grass will not grow; also thrives in sunny location.

6-8 inch x Once Transplanted.....

Picea Alba (White Spruce)

Described by Bailey, the eminent horticulturist, as "A native of the Northern Parts of America.

Derives the name White Spruce due to its light, frosty green foliage slightly tinged with blue. Thrives to the best advantage in the colder climates, north of Philadelphia or St. Louis." Although native throughout a wide range, the best types prevail throughout Northern Wisconsin, from where our seed is gathered from carefully selected grounds.

6-8	inch	0	3 yr. 1	From Seedling	Beds	•••••	4.50	35.00
8-10	"	0	3 yr.		"		5.50	45.00
8-10	"	X	Once	Transplanted	***************************************	*******	15.00	140.00
10-12	"	\mathbf{x}	"	î.	•••••	•••••	20.00	*******
8-10	"	$\mathbf{x}\mathbf{x}$	Twice	Transplanted	***************************************	3.50	25.00	**********
10-12	"	$\mathbf{x}\mathbf{x}$	"	"	***************************************	4.50	35.00	*********
$1-1\frac{1}{2}$	feet	xx	"	"	B&B	10.00	85.00	•••••

-Indicates never transplanted. Suitable for bedding out. Each x indicates one transplanting. B&B signifies balled and burlapped.

BLACK HILLS SPRUCE (Picea Canadensis)

The Black Hills Spruce is hardiest of all Spruces, symmetrical, compact and bushy in habit of growth; in fact, the very smallest trees soon form round, sturdy, compact bodies. As the tree grows and develops, it continues to carry this particular style of growth and generally becomes the most compact growing specimen of the Spruce family; even in old trees the lower branches are retained, thus forming a close ground-cover.

Botanically, the Black Hills Spruce is considered a close relative of White Spruce, which has developed its distinct characteristics through long centuries of living in the Black Hills country of Dakota.

The foliage varies from green to bluish tint, and all trees are remarkable for their bright fresh color.

Black Hills Spruce was first introduced to commercial culture by Mr. D. Hill many years ago and has since become widely planted throughout the country.

Variety				10	100	1000
4-6 inch o	2 yr.	From Seedling	Beds	\$	\$5.00	\$ 40.00
6-8 " x	Once	Transplanted .	***************************************	•••••	17.50	165.00
8-10 " xx	Twice	Transplanted		3.50	30.00	**********
$1-1\frac{1}{2}$ feet xx	"	"	B&B	12.50	115.00	
1½-2 " xx	"	"	B&B	15.00	140.00	*********

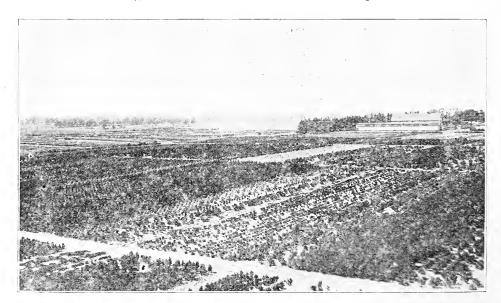
Variety 10 1000
Picea Engelmanni (Engelman Spruce)

NORWAY SPRUCE (Picea Excelsa)

We are growers on the very largest scale of this popular fast growing Evergreen. Seedlings are produced in million lots and our annual transplants now exceed over 500,000 plants every year. It is also popular for Xmas trees. As the Norway Spruce prevails over a wide range of territory in Europe, there are naturally many sources from which to obtain seed. Our careful experiments and close study of this situation for many years has enabled us to select seed which insures a really superior type of Norway Spruce exactly suited to U. S. A. conditions.

ŧγ						10	100	1000
inch	0	3 yr.	From	Seedling	Beds	\$	\$ 2.50	\$ 15.00
"	\mathbf{x}	Once '	Transp	lanted			8.00	70.00
"	$\mathbf{x}\mathbf{x}$	Twice	Trans	planted		2.00	15.00	140.00
feet	$\mathbf{x}\mathbf{x}$	"		" B	&B	8.50	70.00	
	inch "	inch o " x " xx	inch o 3 yr. " x Once	inch o 3 yr. From " x Once Transp " xx Twice Trans	inch o 3 yr. From Seedling " x Once Transplanted " xx Twice Transplanted	inch o 3 yr. From Seedling Beds	inch o 3 yr. From Seedling Beds	inch o 3 yr. From Seedling Beds \$ 2.50 " x Once Transplanted 8.00 " xx Twice Transplanted 2.00 15.00•

o—Indicates never transplanted. Suitable for bedding out. Each x indicates one transplanting. B&B signifies balled and burlapped. We allow 3% discount and box free when cash accompanies order.



General View of Specimen Evergreens

.......

Variets Picea Polita (Tigertail Spruce)

A rare species, one of the most distinct and beautiful of the spruces, and when once seen is not apt to be forgotten or confused with any other. Though stiff in habit of growth, yet the branches being irregular of length cause the tree to be of informal outline. It does not grow rapidly and is therefore suitable for rather confined spaces. Seed is obtainable only at very rare intervals and this is an opportunity for nurserymen to obtain stock while our very limited supply lasts.

2-4 inch o 2 yr. From Seedling Beds...... \$15.00 \$....... \$15.00

Picea Pungens (Colorado Blue Spruce)

A leading specialty with us. The stock offered below is nursery run, containing both blue and green trees. Our careful collection of seed from the bluest trees insures an unusual high percentage of blue trees. Many authorities agree that the selected seedling trees (compared trees) are more satisfactory, and eventually make much finer specimens. We obtain our seed from the Colorado Rockies, the blue forms being glistening silvery blue in color.

4-6	inch	0	3 yr. 1	From	Seedling	Beds.			6.00	50.00
6-8	"		3 yr.	"	"		•••••		7.50	60.00
6-8	"	X	Once '	Trans	planted				16.00	150.00
$1-1\frac{1}{2}$	feet	xx	Twice	Tran	splanted,	B&B	(green)	10.00		
$1\frac{1}{2}$ -2	"	xx	44		44	B&B	(green)	12.50	•••••	•••••

AUSTRIAN PINE (Pinus Nigra Austriaca)

Sixty years ago Josiah Hoopes in his "Book of Evergreens" makes this reference to the qualities of Austrian Pine, and the record of over half a century bears out his observations: "We desire to advocate the claims of the Austrian Pine for planting wherever a strong hardy Evergreen is desired. In groups or for avenues in particular situations, it is one of the most available trees at our command. Taking into account its rapidity of growth and the certainty with which it will speedily produce an effect, owing also to the peculiar prominence of its general outline, we consider it unrivaled."

Any question as to its hardiness is disputed, in view of a report from a Canadian authority who says: "Austrian Pine is perhaps the most ornamental exotic Pine which thrives in Canada. It is a handsome tree and makes a good lawn specimen."

Mr. C. S. Harrison, eminent Evergreen authority, says: "The Austrian Pine is a compact, sym-

Mr. C. 5. narrison, eminent Evergreen authority, says: "The Austrian Pine is a compact, symmetrical, and sturdy tree. I see one from my window which was planted in poor soil twenty-five years ago. It is a beautiful pyramid about 30 feet tall. The lower branches touch the ground."

The leaves are two in a sheath, straight and slender, from 4 to 5 inches long, and of such a deep rich green color that it is known in some parts of the world as the "Black Pine." No tree shows such remarkable resistance to the trying conditions of city planting. Coal, gas and smoky atmospheres have no effect on its growth. It is a tree equally satisfactory for seashore planting and for the inlend country. and for the inland country.

Owing to the long tap-root which Austrian Pine makes, it requires extra care in transplanting to avoid losses.

In old trees planted in the open, the diameter of the branch-spread often nearly equals the height of the tree, but in the native forests of Austria and other parts of Europe it makes a tall tree often over 100 feet high. Annual growth has been observed to be, under favorable conditions, from 12 to 18 inchs or more.

Variety				10	100	1000
4-6 inch	o 2 yr.	From Seedling	Beds	\$	\$ 4.00	\$30.00
6-8 "	x Once	Transplanted	•		8.00	70.00
1-1½ feet	xx "	• "	B&B	10.00	85.00	*********
1½-2 "	xx "	"	B&B	12.50	100.00	•••••

Variety 100 1000

Pinus Banksiana (Jack Pine)

" x Once Transplanted..... 10-12 9.00 80.00

Pinus Cembra (Swiss Stone Pine)

One of the most interesting of Pines, producing edible seeds or nuts. Its growth is slow, rarely exceeding one foot each season. It requires but little room on account of its narrow pyramidal habit and is always well furnished with foliage.

4-6 inch x Once Transplanted Pinus Densiflora (Japanese Red Pine)

A rapid growing and very ornamental hardy Pine. In Japan where it is native many curious and fantastic shapes are obtained by distorting and training.

8-10 inch o 3 yr. From Seedling Beds..... 6.00 50.00 Pinus Excelsa (Bhotan Pine)

A very ornamental large growing pine, native of the Himalayan Mountains. Five-leaved variety—under same restrictions as White Pine. Glaucous green foliage. Very slender and flexible.

4-6 inch x Once Transplanted 22.50-Indicates never transplanted. Suitable for bedding out.

Each x indicates one transplanting. B&B signifies balled and burlapped.

Spring, 1926 THE D. HILL NURSERY CO., DUNDEE, ILL.		
Variety 10	100	1000
Pinus Montana Uncinata (Pyramidal Pine) An upright form of the Mountain Pine found growing naturally in Italy, also al Mountains. It differs from the Mugho Pine in that it has a main stem, or leader, we tree; the other branches growing closely up around it in successive lengths, form shaped Pine, broad at the base and tapering at the top.	vnich predom ng a compac	t, conical-
4-6 inch o 2 yr. From Seedling Beds	6.50	\$40.00 50.00
MINING MILOHO DINE	w	
HILL'S MUGHO PINE (Pinus Mugho Compacta) True Dwarf Type		
Our own introduction. It is the genuine true dwarf type, many stemmed, dark green color, which it retains throughout the winter. Many inferior for offered as Pinus Mugho, are on the market, some of which are loose, open grupright, irregular habit. The strain we offer is the true dwarf, compact type, the Riesenbirge Range in Silesia), is obtainable only at great expense in small cits scarcity. When obtainable, the true seed costs as high as \$15.00 per pound, per pound for the common form. Rarely grows over 3 to 6 feet high.	in contrast u	0 \$1.50
Variety 4-6 inch x Transplanted, One Year\$\$	\$11.00 \$1	100.00
4-6 inch x Transplanted, One Year	15.00 1 115.00 .	140.00
		-
Variety Pinus Ponderosa (Ponderosa Pine)		1000
Sometimes called Bull Pine or Western Yellow Pine. The most widely distribut America. The type found growing in the Black Hills of South Dakota, from where a much superior type, being a hardy, free, upright grower. Very deep rooted and of a handsome, ornamental tree, with interesting long needles.	we obtain or Irought resist	ur seed. is
4-6 inch o 2 yr. From Seedling Beds\$\$	\$3.00 4.00	\$20.00 25 .00
6-8 " x Once Transplanted	8.00	70.00
4-6 inch o 2 yr. From Seedling Beds		•••••
Pinus Strobus (White Pine)		*******
The White Pine is the largest of all conifers native to the eastern part of the crowns of mature White Pines in mixed forests conspicuously overtop the surrounding adapts itself to both dry and moist soils, for it is found on the poorest at steep, rocky slopes, and also on moist clay flats and river bottoms. White Pine contains a number of years, but as it becomes older it requires more and more light grows rapidly and has long, flexible needles, whitish beneath.	ounding hard nd driest san an endure co	woods. It d, and on onsiderable
1-1½ feet xx Twice Transplanted, B&B 10.0	90.00	•••••
1½-2 " xx " " "	30 115.00	•••••
This well-known tree, though tall, seldom grows straight, and the branches sho The bark is rough and cracked and the leaves are short, pungent, concave on the	upper surfa	ce, convex
tree for timber and ornament for centuries. It is familiarly known in Scotland rapidity of growth, great hardiness, and the facility with which it may be grown or rendered this tree a great favorite. However, it prefers a cool, gravelly subsoil the will then form a handsome tree. It always inclines more to the picturesque than obtain our seed from Sweden where the best form grows exactly suited to American testing have shown that seed from other sources is likely to be inferior, and the t	n almost all at is well dra to the beau conditions.	soils, has ained, and tiful. We Years of
testing have shown that seed from other sources is likely to be inferior, and the ti	rees unsatisfa $$ 2.50	15.00
6-8 " 0.2 Vr. " " "	3.00	20.00
8-10 " 0 3 yr. " " "	3.50 8.00	$\frac{25.00}{70.00}$
1-1½ feet xx Twice Transplanted, B&B	90.00	
1½-2 " xx " " " 12.5	50 115.00	•••••
Retinospora Filifera (Green) A remarkably decorative tree, the branches thread-like, gracefully pendulous ar 6-8 inch x Once Transplanted		gated. 140.00
Retinospora Plumosa Aurea A small dense tree of conical outline. The terminal shoots are tipped with ligh gradually subsides to deep green as the season advances, and is succeeded in the renewal of the golden growth. One of the most popular varieties.	t golden yell e following	low, which year by a
6-8 inch x Once Transplanted	12.50	115.00
A small, dense tree with bright green plume-like branches. 4-6 inch x Once Transplanted	12.50	115.00
6-8 " x " "		140.00

o-Indicates never transplanted. Suitable for bedding out. Each \boldsymbol{x} indicates one transplanting. B&B signifies balled and burlapped.

25.00

15.00

Detinosnono Conornoso Voitabii	10 100 1000
Retinospora Squarrosa Veitchii	
A low densely branched tree with feathery spreading branches.	Foliage silvery blue, soft and dense,
Very distinct.	
4-6 inch x Once Transplanted	\$17.50 \$
6-8 " x " "	20.00
Taxus Canadensis (American Yew)	
A valuable dwarf Evergreen, seldom ever growing more than	two to three feet above the ground
Has densely clothed dark green foliage. Particularly beautiful in	n autumn when loaded with scarlet
colored fruits. Thrives well in shade. Can be trimmed to any des	sired shape. Very hardy. Sometimes
called Canadian Yew.	samper very manage contessions
8-10 inch x Once Transplanted	
Taxus Cuspidata (Japanese Yew)	20100 /220700
A distinctly valuable Yew growing 40 to 50 feet high Under	aultivation computet amellor Has
A distinctly valuable Yew, growing 40 to 50 feet high. Under been cultivated throughout Japan from time immemorial, and introhaving taken its place as one of the most noteworthy and valuable	duced into America many years ago
having taken its place as one of the most noteworthy and valuable	on the entire list. Originating in the
cold high altitudes of Northern Japan from where we obtain our s	eed, it is found fully able to success-
fully withstand extremes of heat and cold in America. Grows close	e, upright and compact. Foliage dark
green, fruit bright scarlet.	
6-8 inch x Once Transplanted 1-1½ feet xx Twice Transplanted, B&B	25.00
1-11% feet vy Twice Transplanted R&R	15.00
1 1/2 icct kk Twice Transplanted, D&D	
AMERICAN ARBOR VITAE (Wh	ite Cedar)
	ite ocuar)
(Thuya Occidentalis)	
Being the leading and popular Evergreen hedge plant, we gr and can furnish the twice transplanted sizes in carload lots. This	ow this variety in large quantities
and can furnish the twice transplanted sizes in carload lots. This	s species is also used as the under-
stock for grafting all the different varieties of Thuya. For this	purpose the once transplanted size
is mainly used. Growing over such a wide range in its native g	growths some trees are open grow-
ing and undesirable, but we are careful to obtain our seed from	
of absolute hardiness, good green color and compact habit of green	
4-6 inch x Once Transplanted	10 100 1000
4-6 inch x Unce Transplanted	
a disconsistent and a disc	\$ 7.00 \$ 60.00
10-12 " xx Twice Transplanted	3.00 20.00 190.00
10-12 " xx Twice Transplanted	3.00 20.00 -190.00
10-12 " xx Twice Transplanted	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
10-12 " xx Twice Transplanted	3.00 20.00 190.00 3.50 25.00 240.00 8.50 75.00
10-12 " xx Twice Transplanted	3.00 20.00 190.00 3.50 25.00 240.00 8.50 75.00
10-12 " xx Twice Transplanted	3.00 20.00 190.00 3.50 25.00 240.00 8.50 75.00
10-12 " xx Twice Transplanted	3.00 20.00 190.00 3.50 25.00 240.00 8.50 75.00 11.50 100.00
10-12 " xx Twice Transplanted	3.00 20.00 190.00 3.50 25.00 240.00 8.50 75.00
10-12 " xx Twice Transplanted	3.00 20.00 190.00 3.50 25.00 240.00 3.50 75.00 3.50 11.50 100.00 3
10-12 " xx Twice Transplanted	3.00 20.00 190.00 3.50 25.00 240.00 3.50 25.00 240.00 3.50 75.00 3.50 3.50 3.50 3.50 3.50 3.50 3.50
10-12 " xx Twice Transplanted	3.00 20.00 190.00 3.50 25.00 240.00 3.50 25.00 240.00 3.50 75.00 3.50 3.50 3.50 3.50 3.50 3.50 3.50
10-12 " xx Twice Transplanted	3.00 20.00 190.00 3.50 25.00 240.00 3.50 25.00 240.00 3.50 75.00 3.50 3.50 3.50 3.50 3.50 3.50 3.50
10-12 " xx Twice Transplanted	3.00 20.00 190.00 3.50 25.00 240.00 3.50 25.00 240.00 3.50 75.00 3.50 75.00 3.50 3.50 3.50 3.50 3.50 3.50 3.50
10-12 " xx Twice Transplanted	3.00 20.00 190.00 3.50 25.00 240.00 3.50 25.00 240.00 3.50 75.00 3.50 3.50 3.50 3.50 3.50 3.50 3.50
10-12 " xx Twice Transplanted	3.00 20.00 190.00 3.50 25.00 240.00 3.50 25.00 240.00 3.50 75.00 3.50 3.50 3.50 3.50 3.50 3.50 3.50
10-12 " xx Twice Transplanted	3.00 20.00 190.00 3.50 25.00 240.00 3.50 25.00 240.00 3.50 75.00 3.50 3.50 3.50 3.50 3.50 3.50 3.50
10-12 " xx Twice Transplanted 12-18 " xx " " " 1½-2 feet xx " " B&B	3.00 20.00 190.00 3.50 25.00 240.00 3.50 75.00 2
10-12 " xx Twice Transplanted 12-18 " xx " " " 1½-2 feet xx " " B&B	3.00 20.00 190.00 3.50 25.00 240.00 3.50 75.00 2
10-12 "xx Twice Transplanted 12-18 "xx " "B&B	3.00 20.00 190.00 3.50 25.00 240.00 3.50 75.00 2
10-12 " xx Twice Transplanted	3.00 20.00 190.00 3.50 25.00 240.00 3.50 75.00 240.00 11.50 100.00 1000 10 100 1000 10 100 \$1000 10 \$100 \$10
10-12 " xx Twice Transplanted 12-18 " xx " " " B&B	3.00 20.00 190.00 3.50 25.00 240.00 3.50 75.00 240.00 11.50 100.00 1000 Toughout the country, but we continue Parson's. It is of slow growth, broad """ \$20.00 \$190.00 """ amidal Arbor Vitae) If by Robert Douglas. The branchlet of tips. Fine pyramidal habit. Reaches """ 25.00 100.00 Toughout the country, but we continue Parson's. It is of slow growth, broad the so-called globosa forms.
10-12 " xx Twice Transplanted 12-18 " xx " " " B&B	3.00 20.00 190.00 3.50 25.00 240.00 3.50 75.00 240.00 11.50 100.00 1000 Toughout the country, but we continue Parson's. It is of slow growth, broad """ \$20.00 \$190.00 """ amidal Arbor Vitae) If by Robert Douglas. The branchlet of tips. Fine pyramidal habit. Reaches """ 25.00 100.00 Toughout the country, but we continue Parson's. It is of slow growth, broad the so-called globosa forms.
10-12 "xx Twice Transplanted 12-18 "xx " "B&B	3.00 20.00 190.00 3.50 25.00 240.00 3.50 75.00 240.00 3.50 75.00 240.00 3.50 75.00 240.00 3.50 75.00 240.00 3.50 75.00 240.00 3.50 75.00 240.00 3.50 75.00 240.00 3.50 75.00 240.00 3.50 75.00 240.00 3.50 75.00 240.00 3.50 75.00 240.00 3.50 75.00 240.00 3.50 75.00 240.00 3.50 75.00 25.00 3.50 75.
10-12 " xx Twice Transplanted 12-18 " xx " " " B&B	3.00 20.00 190.00 3.50 240.00 3.50 25.00 240.00 3.50 25.00 240.00 3.50 3.50 3.50 3.50 3.50 3.50 3.50
10-12 " xx Twice Transplanted 12-18 " xx " " " B&B	3.00 20.00 190.00 3.50 240.00 3.50 25.00 240.00 3.50 25.00 240.00 3.50 3.50 3.50 3.50 3.50 3.50 3.50
10-12 " xx Twice Transplanted 12-18 " xx " " " B&B	3.00 20.00 190.00 3.50 25.00 240.00 3.50 75.00 240.00 3.50 75.00 240.00 3.50 75.00 240.00 3.50 75.00 240.00 3.50 75.00 240.00 3.50 75.00 240.00 3.50 75.00 240.00 3.50 75.00 240.00 3.50 75.00 240.00 3.50 75.00 25.00 3.50 75.00 25.00
10-12 " xx Twice Transplanted 12-18 " xx " " " B&B	3.00 20.00 190.00 3.50 25.00 240.00 3.50 75.00 240.00 3.50 75.00 240.00 3.50 75.00 240.00 3.50 75.00 240.00 3.50 75.00 240.00 3.50 75.00 240.00 3.50 75.00 240.00 3.50 75.00 240.00 3.50 75.00 240.00 3.50 75.00 25.00 3.50 75.00 25.00
10-12 " xx Twice Transplanted 12-18 " xx " " B&B	3.00 20.00 190.00 3.50 25.00 240.00 3.50 75.00 240.00 3.50 75.00 240.00 3.50 75.00 240.00 3.50 75.00 240.00 3.50 75.00 240.00 3.50 75.00 240.00 10 100 1000 10 100 1000 10 100 100
10-12 " xx Twice Transplanted 12-18 " xx " " B&B	3.00 20.00 190.00 3.50 25.00 240.00 3.50 75.00 240.00 3.50 75.00 240.00 3.50 75.00 240.00 3.50 75.00 240.00 3.50 75.00 240.00 3.50 75.00 240.00 10 100 1000 10 100 1000 10 100 100
10-12 " xx Twice Transplanted 12-18 " xx " " B&B	3.00 20.00 190.00 3.50 25.00 240.00 3.50 75.00 240.00 3.50 75.00 240.00 3.50 75.00 240.00 3.50 75.00 240.00 3.50 75.00 240.00 3.50 75.00 240.00 10 100 1000 10 100 1000 10 100 100
10-12 " xx Twice Transplanted 12-18 " xx " " B&B	3.00 20.00 190.00 3.50 25.00 240.00 3.50 75.00 240.00 11.50 100.00

We allow 3% discount and box free when cash accompanies order.

small compact ball.

HILL'S PYRAMIDAL ARBOR VITAE (Thuva Occidentalis Pyramidalis)

Habit Narrow and Compact

The native American Arbor-vitae was one of the first Evergreens to be cultivated and taken to European gardens. Records are found of it being known and used there over 400 years ago. It is natural that a tree cultivated for so many years should develop many forms and types, at least

natural that a tree cultivated for so many years should develop many forms and types, at least fifty now being generally known.

Years ago we realized the shortcomings, in many respects, of the Pyramidal Arborvitaes then on the market. Specimens in many cases were open-growing, uneven in growth, and of poor color. Then we started experimenting. Specimens were secured from finity a score of sources in both Europe and America. All these were placed in the nursery and all-gently watched for any poor qualities and for any superior characteristics. By careful attention to selection and propagation,

Hill's Pyramidal Arborvitae was finally developed.

The features to be desired in a Pyramidal Arborvitae were dense, compact growth, narrow and pyramidal form, deep rich green color at all seasons, uniform habit of each tree and hardiness to withstand conditions here in the northern states. Planters everywhere tell us that Hill's Pyramidal Arborvitae answers this description better than any other type. It reaches a height of 15 to 20 feet and usually measures not more than 2 feet in diameter at the base. With few exceptions, it has but one main stem, which makes it less liable to damage from snow.

Variety	10	100	1000
8-10 inch x Once Transplanted	\$	\$25.00	\$240.00
1-1½ feet xx Twice Transplanted, B&B		•••••	**********
1½-2 " xx " " B&B	17.50	•••••	•••••

10 100 Variety 1000

Thuya Occidentalis Rosenthalli (Rosenthal Arbor Vitae)

Thuva Occidentalis Umbraculifera

Branches ascending; branchlets twisted and slightly drooping, the branchlet sprays being about six inches by two inches. It forms a low bush, narrow at the base, with a wide cushion shaped head raised in the center. The original plant at twenty years of age was about two and one-half feet high, three feet across the top. Of English origin.

inch x Once Transplanted

Thuya Occidentalis Vervaeneana (Vervaene Arbor Vitae)

Light golden. Naturally pyramidal habit, compact in outline. Attains great beauty as the tree develops.

6-8 inch x Once Transplanted 22.50

Thuya Occidentalis Wareana Siberica (Siberian Arbor Vitae)
Raised by and named for Mr. Thomas Ware, an English nurseryman, who produced it about 1850. It matures at 6 to 8 feet. It is conical in outline and covered with dark green foliage which is somewhat different from the American Arborvitae, being much heavier and deeply crested. The branches are short and stiff. It is much used for foundation planting and frequently for hedges. The name Siberian has been given to it because of its rugged constitution. A symmetrical, compact grower, very long lived.

inch x Once Transplanted 25.001-1½ feet xx Twice Transplanted, B&B 140.00 15.00

Thuya Occidentalis Woodwardi (Woodward's Globe Arbor Vitae)

Without doubt, one of the best globe-formed Arboriviaes in our list. It maintains the natural globe shape without trimming, and under good conditions will reach 3 feet in height and diameter. It is especially fine for low borders, for foundation groups, for tubs, or for urns. The variety was originated and introduced by Mr. Manning, proprietor of the Reading Nurseries, Reading, Mass., and named after his son, J. Woodward Manning. A few plants, presented to Mr. Hill by the introducer shortly before his death, form the basis of our stock. Therefore, we can justly say that all trees are from the true strain.

inch x Once Transplanted 22.50200.00

Tsuga Canadensis (Hemlock)

The value of our strain of Hemlock is based on seed selection from Northern sources only, insuring hardiness and free, graceful upright growth. In the past, European grown plants were mainly propagated from Southern collected seeds (from the Carolinas, Tennessee, etc.), because the seed was cheap and easily obtainable. In addition to producing a rather inferior type of tree, when brought to colder climates, it always winter scalded, turned a ragged brown, or killed outright. Our Hemlocks are warranted the growing rather producing the control of the more of the more control of the more control of the more of the more control of genuine Northern strain, and will be found superior to other offerings on the market.

4-6	inch	X	Once 7	Fransplanted			13.50	120.00
$1-1\frac{1}{2}$	feet	xx	Twice	Transplanted,	B&B	10.00	90.00	
$1\frac{1}{2}-2$	"	xx	"	"	B&B	12.50	115.00	

o-Indicates never transplanted. Suitable for bedding out. Each x indicates one transplanting. B&B signifies balled and burlapped.

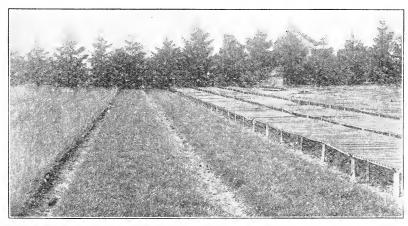
Evergreen Seedlings

Suitable for Bedding Out. Strong, Thrifty, Well Graded Stock.

The propagation of young Evergreens has been one of our specialties for a great many years, special attention being given to selection of the best strains and truest types. Our soil and climate is especially adapted to their culture. Great care is exercised in selection so that only hardy, dependable types are produced. We recommend bedding out young Evergreens where they can be shaded and watered for a year or two before planting out in open field rows. Plant the trees about two inches apart in the rows and place the rows about four inches apart, so the soil can be kept loose with a hand weeder.

Variety	Inch		1000
Abies Arizonica (Arizona Fir)	6-8	\$11.00	\$100.00
Abies Brachyphylla (Abies Homolepis) (Nikko Fir)		12.50	
Abies Concolor (Concolor Fir)	4-6	7.00	60.00
Abies Douglasi (Pseudotsuga Douglasi) (Douglas Fir)	4-6	4.50	35.00
Biota Orientalis (Chinese Arbor Vitae)	4-6	3.00	20.00
Biota Orientalis (Chinese Arbor Vitae)		4.00	30.00
Juniperus Canadensis		7.50	65.00
Juniperus Chinensis (Chinese Juniper)	4-6	5.00	40.00
Juniperus Virginiana (Red Cedar)		4.00	30.00
Juniperus Virginiana (Red Cedar)		6.00	50.00
Larix Europea (European Larch)	8-10	3.00	20.00
Larix Europea (European Larch)	12 - 18	4.00	30.00
Picea Alba (White Spruce)	6-8	4.50	35.00
Picea Alba (White Spruce)		5.50	45.00
Picea Canadensis (Black Hill Spruce)	4-6	5.00	40.00
Picea Engelmanni (Engelman Spruce)	4-6	4.50	35.00
Picea Excelsa (Norway Spruce)	6-8	2.50	15.00
Picea Polita (Tigertail Spruce)	2 - 4	15.00	
Picea Pungens (Colorado Blue Spruce)	4-6	6.00	50.00
Picea Pungens (Colorado Blue Spruce)	6-8	7.50	60.00
Pinus Austriaca (Austrian Pine)	4-6	4.00	30.00
Pinus Banksiana (Jack Pine)	6-8	3.00	20.00
Pinus Densiflora (Japanese Red Pine)	8-10	6.00	50.00
Pinus Montana Uncinata (Pyramidal Pine)	4-6	5.50	40.00
Pinus Montana Uncinata (Pyramidal Pine)	6-8	6.50	50.00
Pinus Ponderosa (Ponderosa Pine)	4-6	3.00	20.00
Pinus Pinderosa (Ponderosa Pine)		4.00	25.00
Pinus Sylvestris (Scotch Pine)	4-6	2.50	15.00
Pinus Sylvestris (Scotch Pine)	6-8	3.00	20.00
Pinus Sylvestris (Scotch Pine)	8-10	3.50	25.00

50 of the same variety and size at 100 rate; 500 at 1000 rate.



Section of two year old Evergreen seedling beds. The first year they are shaded as shown on the right.

Hill's Specimen Evergreens for Landscape Work



Specimen Evergreen Showing Hill Method of Ball and Burlap

Hill's Specimen Evergreens are all perfect specimens, having good roots and symmetrical tops, owing to frequent transplanting, constant cultivation and root-pruning, shearing and staking. Hill's Specimen Evergreens will please your most exacting customers.

In comparing our prices with those of other growers, remember that height alone cannot by any means establish values. An Evergreen tree grown close and crowded in the row may be exactly the same height as a Hill Specimen Evergreen, but will not be as heavy, compact, symmetrical, or have as good roots.

In some localities it is impossible to dig Evergreens with solid ball of earth on account of loose, sandy, rocky soil, which will not adhere to the roots. Our rich black prairie loam contains just enough clay to give it good texture and when interwoven with masses of fine, fibrous roots, easily holds in place. As additional protection, each earth ball is securely tied in burlap.

Constant transplanting and root-pruning gives Hill's Specimen Evergreens masses of fine, fibrous feeding roots, which together with shearing, results in heavy, bushy, symmetrical tops and insures the success of Hill's stock in the hands of the planter.

Hill's Specimen Evergreens are always worth the price you pay for them; will never disappoint you and will be found the most economical in the long run.

Each 10

Variety

Abies Concolor (Concolor Fir)

We are careful to obtain our seed supply from Northern Colorado, producing trees of absolute hardi
ness with striking foliage varying in color from light green to deep soft blue with medium short needles.
The strain of Concolor from New Mexico, where seed is cheap and always abundant is much inferior, inclined to winter kill and is of rather straggly, open appearance. Long-lived growing 60 to 80 feet high.

1-1½ feet xx 2 Times Transplanted, B&B......(100, \$115.00) \$1.50 \$12.50

 $1\frac{1}{2}-2$ xxx 3 B&B..... 2.75 25.00 $\bar{2}$ -3 B&B..... 30.00 xxx 3

Abies Douglasi (Douglas Fir)

Our plants are the type from Northern Colorado, the seed being collected in deep gorges of high altitudes where the blue and silvery foliage is characteristic, being compact and symmetrical in growth, with rather short needles, in contrast to Southern Colorado and New Mexico type, which are of doubtful hardiness, irregular and open growing. This tree was originally discovered by Archibald Menzies, 1792, and rediscovered by David Douglas, the eminent Scotch explorer in 1827, and introduced by him in the following year. It was shortly after named for him to commemorate his memory. A tree that is widely known and appreciated in both Europe and America.

xx 2 Times Transplanted, B&B.....(100, \$ 75.00) 1-1½ feet 1.00 8.50 "(100, 90.00) "(100, 135.00) "(100, 165.00) 11/2-2 xx 266 " 1.15 10.00 " 11/2-2 xxx 3 1.50 14.00 2-3 xxx 3 2.25 17.50

Abies Tsuga Canadensis (Hemlock)

The value of our strain of Hemlocks is based on seed selection from Northern sources only, insuring

 $1\frac{1}{2}-2$ xx 2 66 12.50 1.50 22.50 $2-2\frac{1}{2}$ xxx 3 2.75 $2\frac{1}{2}-3$ 27.50 xxx 33.253-31/2 xxx 3 3.75 32.50

Juniperus Canadensis (J. Communis Depressa)

The well known, valuable, many-stemmed Dwarf Juniper. Rarely exceeds 2 feet in height, good form of Juniper for ground cover. It is at home on sandy or gravelly hillsides fully exposed to the sun, where single plants often reach 15 feet or more in diameter. Is sometimes catalogued as Juniperus Communis which is erroneous. The name Juniperus Communis Depressa is also applied, which is a synonym. Grows native in various sections of the country, but we obtain our seed from Northern Wisconsin, which is the superior type.

1-1½ feet xx 2 Times Transplanted, B&B.....(100, \$140.00) 15.00 1.75xxx 3 "(100, 190.00) $1\frac{1}{2}-2$ 2.25 20.00 $2-2\frac{1}{2}$ xxx 3 3.50 30.00

> Each x indicates one transplanting. B&B signifies balled and burlapped. 5 of same variety and size at 10 rate.

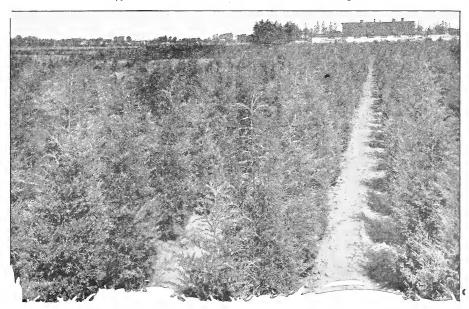
 $15.00 \\ 17.50$

22.50

1.75

THE D. HILL NURSERY CO., DUNDEE, ILL.	Sprin	ıg, 1926
Variety	Each	10
Juniperus Chinensis Columnaris (Blue) Of narrow pyramidal habit with foliage of bluish green cast. Choice and rare vari ntroduction.	ety of ver	y recent
1-1½ feet xx 2 Times Transplanted, B&B	$$1.75 \\ 2.00$	\$15.00 17.50
Tuniperus Chinensis Columnaris (Green) Similar to the blue type except the foliage is a deep dark green, Same uniform Very desirable.		lal form.
1½-2 feet xx 2 Times Transplanted, B&B	2.00	17.50
Juniperus Chinensis Pfitzeriana (Pfitzer's Juniper)		
Originated some years ago in Pfitzer's Nursery, near Berlin, Germany. Introduced negeneral cultivation, from whom we obtained our original plants for propagating and graceful Evergreen of healthy blue-green foliage. Branches grow horizontal from to 10 feet.	A wide,	plumose
1-1½ feet xx 2 Times Transplanted, B&B(100, \$150.00)	1.75	16.50
1½-2 " xx 2 " " " (100, 175.00) 1½-2 " xxx 3 " " " (100, 225.00)	2.00	18.50
$1\frac{1}{2}$ -2 " xxx 3 " " "(100, 225.00)	2.75	25.00
Juniperus Chinensis Procumbens A dwarf variety from Japan, with robust, spreading, procumbent branches and short sonsiderable varience among varieties offered as Procumbens, but we are careful to predefine true strain consisting of hardy, compact growing plants. 10-12 inch xx 2 Times Transplanted, B&B	branchlets opagate of 1.75 2.25	s. There nly from 15.00 20.00
Juniperus Excelsa Stricta (Spiny Greek Juniper)	2.20	20.00
One of the leading dwarf varieties. Very dense, narrow and conical, having a fin color. Thrives in all parts of the country. Originated in an English nursery and has ha	d wide dist	tribution.
1-1½ feet xx 2 Times Transplanted, B&B	1.75	15.00
Juniperus Sabina (Savin Juniper) A low spreading, many branched Evergreen. Branches do not creep on the ground erect habit. Height varies from 4 to 6 feet. Can be kept trimmed to any desired Central and Southern Europe. Prefers dry, rocky, sunny slopes. Very hardy, growide,000 feet above sea level. The Savin Juniper was introduced into British gardens at a tis is mentioned in Turner's "Names of Herbs" published in 1548. Color is a dark green.	height. N ing from very early	Vative of 4,000 to
10 is mentioned in Turner's Names of Herbs published in 1940. Color is a dark green.	4 00	45 00

2.00 2.50 $1-1\frac{1}{2}$ xxx 3 Each x indicates one transplanting. B&B signifies balled and burlapped. 5 of same variety and size at 10 rate; 50 at 100 rate.



A block of specimen Red Cedar in Hill's Nursery

Variety	Each	10
Hill's Waukegan Juniper (Juniperus Sabina Prostrata) An interesting new creeping Juniper. Very low and compact, making a dense mat in spring and summer, changing to a rich purple color in late fall. It grows close to th ix to eight inches high, but spreads out a dozen-feet or more, depending upon soil and p	. Soft he ground,	lue color not over onditions.
ne of Hill's new introductions		\$17.50
10-12 inch xx 2 Times Transplanted, B&B	3.00	27.50
Juniperus Sabina Pyramidalis In this form the branches grow erect, making a very attractive bush-shaped tree. characteristic attractive green color of the Savin Juniper. Little known in the trade but	Foliage a very i	has the
ariety. 1½-2 feet xx 2 Times Transplanted, B&B	3.00	25.00
Juniperus Sabina Tamariscifolia This form commonly known as the Spanish Savin makes a low spreading shrub, beaund adult foliage of a glaucous blue green. It soon covers a wide area. The form which	ring both	h juvenile is of the
ow creeping habit. 1-1½ feet xx 2 Times Transplanted, B&B	2.25	20.00
1-1½ " xxx 3 " " " " 114-2 " vvv 3 " " "	2.75	25.00
1½-2 " xxx 3 " " "	3.25	30.00
Juniperus Sabina Von Ehron A pretty compact, very dwarf form bearing both juvenile and adult branches, preading. Branchlets crowded. This form soon spreads over the ground.	upright	and wide
14-2 feet xx 2 Times Transplanted R&R	2.25	20.00
2-3 " xx 2 " " " "	3.00	25.00
1-1½ feet xx 2 Times Transplanted, B&B	$\frac{1.50}{3.00}$	$12.50 \\ 25.00$
Juniperus Virginiana (Red Cedar) Pyramidal habit, dark green to bluish foliage. Our stock is the hardy northern s most useful and characteristic trees of our American landscapes, rivaling the Italian Adapted for planting in all sections of the country. The propagation of this valuable specialty with us for many years and we exercise great care in the selection of our struged as on understock for grafting Junipers.	train. C Cypress conifer h	in beauty. as been a
1-1½ feet xx 2 Times Transplanted, B&B	\$1.00	\$ 8.50
3-4 " xxx 3 " " "	2.50	22.50
4-5 " xxx 3 " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "	3.75	35.00
and the second s	5.75	50.00
Juniperus Virginiana Cannarti (Cannarti Juniper) Handsome dark green variety, with foliage of deep rich green. Upright grower eet. Our plants are propagated by grafting selected scions of Juniperus Virginiana (uniperus Virginiana root, insuring stock true to name and absolutely hardy.	reaching Cannarti	15 to 20 on native
2-3 feet xxx 3 Times Transplanted, B&B	3.50	30.00
In this variety, the whole of young growths are of almost silvery whiteness, whice flaucous green in winter. The Juniper Glauca is foremost among the interesting that have been developed from the Juniperus Virginiana (Red Cedar). We constantly our strain by careful selection and reproduce only the best types, most true to form, and habits of growth. In grafting this tree, we are careful to use for understocks the Red Cedar insuring hardiness and longevity.	group of strive t	Juniper: o improve ompactnes:
1½-2 feet xx 2 Times Transplanted. B&B(100. \$150.00)	1.75	16.50
ind habits of growth. In grafting this tree, we are careful to use for understocks lible Red Cedar, insuring hardiness and longevity. 1½-2 feet xx 2 Times Transplanted, B&B(100, \$150.00) 3-4 "xxx 3" ""	4.50	40.00
This most valuable and interesting pyramidal Juniper is a product of our nuprought out by us a few years ago. It grows dense and very columnar, closely resemblistriking habit of Italian cypress. Summer or winter, the rich deep color is the same. the invenile or "whipcord" variety.	serv. ha	ving beer vell-knowr lles are o
3-4 feet xxx 3 Times Transplanted B&B	6.00	50.00

Each x indicates one transplanting. B&B signifies balled and burlapped. 5 of same variety and size at 10 rate; 50 at 100 rate.

Variety	Each	10
Juniperus Virginiana Schotti (Schotti Juniper)		15 40 00
A valuable dense growing pyramidal form, with rather light green foliage, very ha feet high. One of the best of the upright varieties of Juniper, retaining its color all	rdy, grows winter.	15 to 20
2-3 feet xxx 3 Times Transplanted B&B	\$3.25	\$30.00
Larix Europea (European Larch)		'
We obtain our seed from Scotland where the best type is found. In spite of the	objection	to cones
there is a strong demand for the Larch on account of its beautiful effects in early spr when the needles turn yellow and golden.	ing and in	the fall
3-4 feet xxx 3 Times Transplanted B&B	2.50	20.00
Picea Alba (White Spruce)		20.00
Described by Bailey, the eminent horticulturist, as "A native of the Northern	part of A	merica."
Described by Bailey, the eminent horticulturist, as "A native of the Northern Derives the name White Spruce due to its light frosty green foliage, slightly tinged	with blue.	Thrives
to the best advantage in the colder climates, north of Philadelphia or St. Louis. Altho out a wide range, the best types prevail throughout Northern Wisconsin, from where continuous control of the cont	our seed is	gathered
from carefully selected grounds.		
1-1½ feet xx 2 Times Transplanted B&B(100, \$85.00) 2-3 " xxx 3 " " " "	1.25	10.00
		20.00
0-4 XXX 0	3.50	30.00
Picea Canadensis (Black Hill Spruce)	of mount	. in ft
The Black Hills Spruce is hardiest of all Spruces, symmetrical, compact and bushy the very smallest trees soon form round, sturdy, compact bodies. As the tree grows a	nd develons	, in ract
tinues to carry this narticular style of growth and generally becomes the most compact	t growing	specimen
of the Spruce family; even in old trees the lower branches are retained thus forming a	ı close grou ch has deve	nd-cover.
of the Spruce family; even in old trees the lower branches are retained thus forming a Botanically, the Black Hills Spruce is considered a close relative of White Spruce, whi distinct characteristics through long centuries of living in the Black Hills country of varies from green to bluish tint, and all trees are remarkable for their bright fresh	Dakota. Th	e foliage
varies from green to bluish tint, and all trees are remarkable for their bright fresh Spruce was first introduced to commercial culture by Mr. D. Hill many years ago at	color, Bla	ack Hills
widely planted throughout the country.		e become
1-1½ feet xx 2 Times Transplanted, B&B(100, \$115.00)	1.35	12.50
1½-2 " xx 2 " " "	1.75	15.00
2-3 " xxx 3 " " "	3.00	25.00
3-4 " xxx 3 " " "	. 3.75	32.50
Picea Excelsa (Norway Spruce)		
As the Norway Spruce prevails over a wide range of territory in Europe, there sources from which to obtain seed. Our careful experiments and close study of this	are natura	lly many
years has enabled us to select seed which insures a really superior type of Norway Spr	uce exactly	suited to
U. S. A. conditions.	0.5	0.50
1-1½ feet xx 2 Times Transplanted, B&B(100, \$70.00)	.95	8.50
Picea Pungens (Colorado Green Spruce)	1.05	10.00
1½-2 " xx 2 " " " " " (green)	1.25 1.50	10.00
1-1½ feet xx 2 Times Transplanted, B&B(green 1½-2 " xx 2 " "(green 1½-2 " xxx 3 " "(green	1.50	12.50 15.00
	1.15	19.00
Pinus Austriaca (Austrian Pine) Is sometimes called Black Pine. Has rich, glossy, dark green foliage. Well ada	nted for nl	anting in
cities, as it is highly resistant to smoke. Its native home is in the lower provinces of	Austria an	id also to
the Northern half of the Balkan peninsula. A fast growing, dense tree of wonderful	adaptabilit	
1-1½ feet xx 2 Times Transplanted, B&B(100, \$ 85.00 1½-2 " xx 2 " " "(100, 100.00	$egin{array}{ccc} 1.25 \ 1.40 \end{array}$	$10.00 \\ 12.50$
1-1½ feet xx 2 Times Transplanted, B&B	$\frac{1.40}{2.50}$	20.00
	2.00	20.00
Pinus Montana Uncinata (Pyramidal Pine) An upright form of the Mountain Pine found growing naturally in Italy, also abuse	ndant in th	e Spanish
Mountains. It differs from the Mugho Pine in that it has a main stem, or leader, wh tree; the other branches growing closely up around it in successive lengths, forming	ich predom	nates the
tree; the other branches growing closely up around it in successive lengths, forming shaped Pine, broad at the base and tapering at the top.	a compact	t, conical-
10-12 inch xx 2 Times Transplanted, B&B	. 1.00	9.00
Hill's Mugho Pine (Pinus Mugho Compacta)		
Our own introduction. It is the genuine true dwarf type, many stemmed, comp	act, with	good dark
green color,, which it retains throughout the winter. Many inferior forms of this var	iety offered	as Pinus
Mugho, are on the market, some of which are loose, open growers and some of upr The strain we offer is the true dwarf, compact type, and the seed (from the Riesenbirg	gnı, irregu ge Range ir	iar nabit. i Silesia).
The strain we offer is the true dwarf, compact type, and the seed (from the Riesenbir is obtainable only at great expense in small quantity, because of its scarcity. When	obtainable	, the true
seed costs as high as \$15.00 per pound, in contrast to \$1.50 per pound for the common over 3 to 6 feet high.	iorm. Rai	ely grows
10.10 in land 9 min a manufact of Dep. (100 \$115.00		
10-12 inch xx 2 Times Transplanted, B&B(100, \$115.00) 1.50	12.50
10-12 inch xx 2 Times Transplanted, B&B(100, \$115.00 1-1½ feet xxx 3 " " ") 1.50	$12.50 \\ 15.00$

Each x indicates one transplanting. B&B signifies balled and burlapped.

5 of same variety and size at 10 rate; 50 at 100 rate.

Spring, 1	1926		THE D.	HILL NURSI	ERY	CO., DI	JNDEE	, ILL.		
Dinas Da	Variet	:y) d (a Dina)					Each	10
Pinus Po	maer	osa (r	onderos	a Pine) or Western Yello growing in the e, being a hardy, amental tree, with	w Pir	o The	most wi	dely distrib	uted Even	groon of
North Am	erica.	The t	vpe found	growing in the	W I II. Black	Hills of	South D	akota, from	where w	ze obtain
our seed, i	is a m	uch su	perior type	e, being a hardy,	free,	upright g	rower.	Very deep 1	ooted and	drought
resistant.	It is	a hand	some, orna	mental tree, with	intere	esting lon	g needles		61.05	010.00
172-4	reet	AA 4	rimes	Transplanted,	DWI	J			φ1.20	φ10.00
2-3	••	xx 2		**	•••	••••••			1.75	15.00
Pinus St	Thita I	Pina ic	the large	t of all conifers a	nativo	to the es	etern na	rt of the I	Inited Sta	tes. The
crowns of	matu	re Whi	te Pines i	in mixed forests and moist soils, for moist clay flats an as it becomes olde	conspic	uously or	vertop th	e surroundi	ng hardw	oods. It
readily ada	apts it	self to	both dry	and moist soils, fo	r it is	found o	n the po	orest and d	riest sand	, and on
steep, rock	y slop	es, and	also on r	noist clay flats an	d rive	r-bottoms	. White	Pine can e	endure con	siderable
It grows r	apidiv	and ha	as long. I	exible needles, wh	itish b	eneath.			or its deve	nopment.
1-11/2	feet	xx 2	? Times	Transplanted.	B&B		(100	, \$ 9000)	1.25	10.00
1½-2	"	xx 2	. "	- "	66		(100.	115.00)	1.50	12.50
$\frac{1}{3}$ -4	"	xxx 8	3 "	"	"				2.75	22.50
4-5	"	xxx 8		"	"			•••••	3.75	32.50
5-6	44	xxx 3		"	"				5.25	45.00
	·ler oat			201					0.20	20.00
Pinus Sy				tall, seldom grows	etroic	tht and t	he brand	hes shoot or	it rother	phliquely
The bark i	is roug	h and	cracked a	nd the leaves are color. This is the centuries. It is s, and the facility	short.	pungent.	concave	on the upp	er surface	convex
on the und	er, and	dofa	oale green	color. This is the	comm	on Pine	in Europe	where it h	as been a	valuable
tree for ti	imber	and or	nament fo	r centuries. It is	fami	larly kno	wn in So	otland as	"Scot's Fi	r." The
rapidity of	growi	n, grea	t hardines	s, and the facility	with	which it	may be g	grown on a.	most all s	oils, has
will then f	form a	hands	ome tree.	e. However, it pre It always incline	s more	e to the	picturesau	ie than to	the beauti	ful. We
obtain our	seed f	rom Sv	veden whe	re the best form g	rows	exactly su	iited to A	lmerican co	nditions.	Years of
		wn that	seed from	n other sources is	likely	to be inf	erior, an	d the trees		
$1-1\frac{1}{2}$		XX 2	Times	Transplanted,	B&F	3	(100,	\$ 90.00)	1.25	10.00
$1\frac{1}{2}-2$	"	xx 2	. "	- "	**		(100,	115.00)	1.50	12.50
2-3	**	xxx 8	3 "	"	"				2.25	17.50
Pinus Ta	nyosl	ha Glo	bosa (Ja	apanese Table	Pine)					
A real	ly dist	inct an	d valuable	variety, lately in licate light green	trodúc	ed by us	from Ja	pan, its na	tive home	. Forms
a low grov	wing f	lat top	tree. De	licate light green	foliag	e, an int	eresting	acquisition.	It is de	stined to
91/ 91/	foot	ular w	nen better	known. Transplanted,	D&T	•			20.00	
					Dar	,	•••••••	•••••	20.00	•••••
Taxus C	uspid	ata (J	apanese	Yew)			•.•			
A disti	inctly	valuabi	e Yew, gr	owing 40 to 50 f	eet hig	th. Unde	er cultiva	tion, somev	hat small	er. Has
having tak	en its	place	as one of	rowing 40 to 50 for from time immenting most notewort	hv an	d valuabl	e on the	entire list.	originatir	g in the
cold high a	iltitude	es of N	orthern Ja	ipan from where v	we obt	aın our s	eed. It i	s found ful	ly able to	success-
				and cold in Ameri	ca. G	rows clos	e, uprigh	t and comp	act. Foli	age dark
green, frui	t brigi	it scarl	et.	m	Det				1 75	15.00
1-11/2	reet	XX 2	Times	Transplanted,	D&E	······		•••••	1.75	15.00
11/2-2		xx 2					••••••		2.25	20.00
Taxus Cu	ıspida	ıta Br	evifolia	(Dwarf Japane	se Y	ew)		. •		
Similar	to T	axus C	uspidata,	but is very dwar	fisha	nd compa	act grow	ing. The	foliage co	nsists of
feet high	nes of	or mo	green 10112 re feet w	ige. Oi irregular ida Absolutely b	and]	oicturesqu Tt rotsi	le outline	, utiimateiy	becoming	g Z to 3
throughout	the w	inter,	which add	but is very dwar age. Of irregular ide. Absolutely hed to its other poi	nts of	superior	ity, make	s it one of	the most	valuable
$1-1\frac{1}{2}$	feet	xxx 3	Times	Transplanted,	B&E	3			3.25	30.00
$2-2\frac{1}{2}$	66	xxx 3	"	"	"				5.00	47.50
Thuya Oc	ccider	ıtalis	(Americ	an Arbor Vitae	()					
The Ar	rborvit	ae is ve	ery hardy	and dependable in is reason is widel or. Covering such	almos	st any sit	uation.	A moist loc	ation is p	referred.
Stands trin	nming	well, a	ınd for th	is reason is widel	y used	for hedg	ge purpos	es. Foliage	e is very	soft and
nexible and	or fin	e deep	green cold	or. Covering such lesirable, but we a	a wid	e range i	in its nat	ive growths	trees fro	om some
northern W	iscons	in, prod	lucing stoc	k of absolute hard	liness,	good gree	en color.	and compac	t habit of	growth.
11/2-2	feet	xx 2	Times	Transplanted.	B&B		(100.	\$ 75.00)	1.00	8.50
2-3	"	xx 2	"						1.25	11.50
$1\frac{1}{2}$ -2	"	xxx 3		"	66		(100	100.00) 165.00) 185.00) 240.00)	2.00	17.50
2-3		xxx 3		"	66		(100	185 00)	2.50	20.00
3-4		xxx 3		"	"	••••••	(100,	240.00)	3.00	25.00
4-5		vvv 3		"	66	••••••	(± 00 ,	240.00)	4.00	35.00

Each x indicates one transplanting. B&B signifies balled and burlapped.

5 of same variety and size at 10 rate.

4.00

35.00

4-5

xxx 3

Variety	Each	10
Thuya Occidentalis Globosa Nova		
A valuable new variety fully tested. Round, bushy and compact. Good green color,		. On
account of its many new qualities, is bound to supersede many of the so-called globosa f		
8-10 inch xx 2 Times Transplanted, B&B(100, \$75.00)	\$1.00 \$	8.50
10-12 " xx 2 " "(100, 90.00)	1.25	10.00

Thuya Occidentalis (Little Gem)
One of the old well known dwarf forms similar to Thuya Compacta, but smaller and finer in every respect, the branchlet sprays being about three inches long by two inches across, the whole forming a small compact ball.

10-12 inch xx 2 Times Transplanted, B&B..... 15.00

HILL'S PYRAMIDAL ARBOR VITAE (Thuya Occidentalis Pyramidalis)

The features to be desired in a Pyramidal Arborvitae are dense, compact growth, narrow and pyramidal form, deep rich green color at all seasons, uniform habit of each tree and hardiness to withstand conditions here in the northern states. Planters everywhere tell us that Hill's Pyramidal Arbor Vitae answers this description better than any other type. It reaches a height of 15 to 20 feet and usually measures not this description better than any other type. It reaches a height of 15 to 20 feet and usually measures not more than 2 feet in diameter at the base. With few exceptions, it has but one main stem, which makes it less liable to damage from snow.

1-1 1/2	6 feet	xx	2	Times	Transplanted,	B&B.	•••••	1.75	15.00
$1\frac{1}{2}-2$	"	xx	2	"	- "	"	•••••	2.00	17.50
$1\frac{1}{2}-2$	"	xxx	3	"	"	"	***************************************	2.25	20.00
2-3	"	XXX	3	"	"	44		3.00	25.00
3-4	"	xxx	3	"	"	66	***************************************	4.00	35.00

Thuya Occidentalis Wareana Siberica (Siberian Arbor Vitae)
Raised by and named for Mr. Thomas Ware, an English nurseryman, who produced it about 1850. It matures at 6 to 8 feet. It is conical in outline and covered with dark green foliage which is somewhat different from the American Arbor Vitae, being much heavier and deeply crested. The branches are short and stiff. It is much used for foundation planting and frequently for hedges. The name Siberian has been given to it because of its rugged constitution. A symmetrical, compact grower, very long lived.

1-1½ feet xx 2 Times Transplanted, B&B.......(100, \$140.00) 1.75 15.00

Tsuga Canadensis (Hemlock) See page 14.

> o-indicates never transplanted. Each x indicates one transplanting. Each x indicates one transplanting. B&B signifies balled and burlapped.

We allow 3% discount and box free when cash accompanies order.

SPECIAL OFFER No. 1

Hill's Mugho Pine

(Pinus Mugho Compacta)

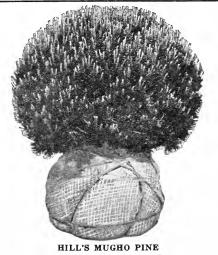
1 to 11/2 Feet BALLED AND BURLAPPED

\$1.75 each, \$15.00 per 10.

This is the genuine true dwarf type, many stemmed, compact, with good dark green color, which it retains throughout the winter. The branches in the Spring tipped with the new growth, closely resemble tiny candlesticks over the entire tree.

Truly a sensational triumph in Evergreen growing. Described by an eminent horticulturist as a "marvel of rich beauty." It grows to perfection in all parts of the country and is absolutely hardy.

Hill's New Introduction



(Pinus Mugho Compacta)

Hill's Choice Lilacs

Choice Named Varieties-All on Their Own Roots

The popularity of the Lilac is on the increase and many new and interesting forms are continually being brought out, both at the Arnold Arboretum in Boston and in the Rochester New York Parks Arboretum. These two collections are no doubt the largest in the world. No floral display draws such attention from large crowds as the Lilacs when in flower.

Single Flowering Varieties Syringa Chas. X. Syringa Marie Le Graye. Syringa Mad. Florent Stepman.

Wine Red Flowers
Syringa Chas. Joly.
Syringa Chas. X.

Blue and Lavender
Syringa President Grevy.
Syringa Michel Buchner.

Double Flowering Varieties
Syringa Chas. Joly.
Syringa President Grevy.
Syringa Michel Buchner.

White Flowers
Syringa Marie Le Graye.
Syringa Mad. Florent Stepman.

Good Forcing Varieties
Syringa Chas. X.
Syringa President Grevy.

Variety 10	0	1000
Syringa Amurense (Manchurian Lilac) This is a native of eastern Siberia and is a shrub in habit 12 or 15 feet high with dar broad and unsymmetrical. Pale lavender flowers. This is the first of the tree Lilacs to flower 6-8 inch x Once Transplanted	er.	bark,
Syringa Persica (Persian Lilac) Was known in England as early as 1658 and has been for a long time an inhabitant gardens. It is a beautiful hardy plant, with slender drooping, wide spreading branches. The narrower than those of the common Lilac. The flowers are small, fragrant lavender colored in pound clusters. Although known as Persian Lilac, it is believed that this shrub came originally 10-12 inch x Once Transplanted	he leave in short from C	s are
Syringa Persica Alba (White Persian Lilac) In general the same description applies on this variety as on Purple Persian Lilac. The ever, are pure white and very fragrant. 10-12 inch x Once Transplanted		
Syringa Villosa (Himalayan Lilac) This is a large round topped bush from 10 to 12 feet tall and wide, with large broad of dull on the upper surface and pale below. Has narrow clusters of flesh colored or nearly to the said of the other Lilacs have faded. 6-8 inch x Once Transplanted. 10.6	white flo	owers. open
Syringa Vulgaris (Common Purple Lilac) This is the familiar purple or "common" Lilac. Blooms in May. Grows 8 to 20 feet. forms are propagated the following sizes will be found suitable for budding or grafting. 4-6 inch o 2 yr	Where h	
Syringa Vulgaris Chas. Joly Double flowering. Dark purple wine blossoms with silvery reverse. 6-8 inch x Once Transplanted	00 .	
Syringa Vulgaris Chas. X. Single, lilac red. Time of blooming, medium. One of the most striking of the dark red 6-8 inch x Once Transplanted		s.
Syringa Vulgaris Madame Florent Stepman Extra large pyramidal trusses of single pure white flowers. Time of blooming, medium. 6-8 inch x Once Transplanted	00 .	
Syringa Vulgaris Marie LeGraye One of the most beautiful white Lilacs. Single flowers of immense size. Flowers are Habit of the tree is dwarf and bushy. An old tested variety that is well liked everywhere. 6-8 inch x Once Transplanted		tint.
Syringa Vulgaris Michel Buchner Double bluish lavender. Time of blooming, late. Of dwarf habit. 6-8 inch x Once Transplanted		15.00
Syringa Vulgaris President Grevy Double. Color, bluish lavender. Time of blooming, medium. Very large, handsome extra double-8 inch x Once Transplanted		rs.

o-indicates never transplanted. Each x indicates one transplanting. 50 of same variety and size at 100 rate; 500 at 1,000 rate.

Deciduous Lining Out Stock

Shade Trees, Shrubs and Vines

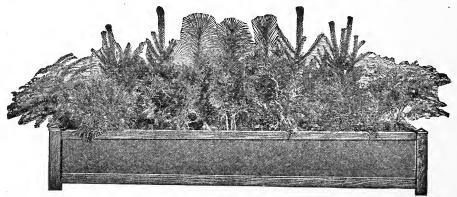
Shade Trees, Shrubs and Thes	
The propagation of deciduous young stock is a department we have given special attention. The installation of special equipment, such as overhead watering systems, etc., gives our stock unusual vigo and stockiness. Note: Orders should call for 50 of a size and variety or multiples of 50.	e
Variety 100 1000 Acer Platanoides (Norway Maple)	0
We grow the compact, hardy type from northern seed. This is one of the best of all street trees an shade trees.	d
6-8 inch o 2 yr	
Aucuba Japonica (Japanese Japonica)	
A medium sized evergreen shrub with dark glossy green leaves, unaffected by smoke and dust. Berrie scarlet. Not hardy in northern states.	S
4-6 inch x Once Transplanted	••
Berberis Thunbergii (Japanese Barberry) This is a specialty with us. We annually grow large quantities from selected seed which is propa	ı <i>-</i>
This is a specialty with us. We annually grow large quantities from selected seed which is propagated under our overhead watering system. We are thus able to produce seedlings of good, thrifty character. These seedlings will be sure to please you.	·-
6-8 inch o 2 yr	0
8-10 " o 2 yr	0
10-12 " xx Twice Transplanted	0
12-18 " xx " " 8.50 75.0	-
18-24 " xx " " 12.50 100.0	
Carpinus Betulus (European Hornbean)	U
A heady and years annumental tree with dense round head. Notice of Europe. Leaves fade in Autum.	n
A hardy and very ornamental tree with dense round head. Native of Europe. Leaves fade in Autum with tones of yellow and brown. Remain on through the winter. Stands clipping remarkably well an for this reason is often used for tall hedges or pillars in formal work.	_
6-8 inch o 2 yr	U
Chionanthus Virginica (White Fringe)	
A shrub or low tree with dark green leaves forming an oblong narrow head. Flowers appear when leaves are almost grown out, white in loose drooping panicles. Fruit blue, resembling a small plum Flowers are exceedingly feathery and graceful.	n ı.
6-8 inch x Once Transplanted	
Crataegus Mollis (Scarlet Thorn)	
From the Illinois and Ohio region. Blooms early in the spring, having large leaves and large refruits.	d
10-12 inch o 2 yr	
Ligustrum Regelianum A low spreading form with graceful drooping branches. Can be used much the same as Japanes	e
Barberry. True form from dark green spreading type. 8-10 inch x Once Transplanted	_
Mahonia Aquifolium (Oregon Grape)	
Also known as Holly-leaved Barberry. Small spiny toothed leaves of dark lustrous green which chang to bronze and reddish hue. In the winter has blue or nearly black berries.	
4-6 inch o 2 yr	0
4-6 inch o 2 yr	0
Malus Coronaria (Wild Crabapple)	
A small tree with spreading spiny branches, forming a symmetrical round head. Ruddy bronze leave at time of unfolding, maturing bright green, turning yellow or bronze in autumn. Very fragrant pink o rose colored flowers. Fruit yellow green and waxy.	r
10-12 inch o 2 yr	
12-18 " o 2 yr	
Pachysandra Terminalis (Japanese Spurge)	•
An Evergreen Vine. One of the few hardy broad-leaved Evergreens that thrives in the north. Ha	
thick glossy green foliage which remains on the plant the entire year. Grows about six inches high	ı.
Spreads out and soon forms a dense ground cover or under planting. Also can be used as a low edgin plant. Withstands temperatures of 15 to 20 degrees below zero. Does well in dense shade where grass wi	g
plant. Withstands temperatures of 15 to 20 degrees below zero. Does well in dense shade where grass wi not grow; also thrives in sunny location.	il
6-8 inch x Once Transplanted	Λ
Photing Village (Chinage Christman Danny)	U
Photina Villosa (Chinese Christmas Berry) Glowing rich red and orange colored foliage makes the Chinese Christmas Berry (Photinia Villosa) th	_
Claying wish and and approxy related follows within the Chinese Christman Danny (Photinia Village) th	_
Glowing rich red and orange colored foliage makes the Chinese Christmas Berry (Photinia Villosa) th most conspicuous shrub in October and early November. Flat-topped clusters of small hawthorn-like bloom smother this tree-like shrub in June. The one-third inch long, oval, bright scarlet fruits hang on till afte the leaves drop. An exceedingly useful but little known shrub.	e s
Glowing rich red and orange colored foliage makes the Chinese Christmas Berry (Photinia Villosa) th most conspicuous shrub in October and early November. Flat-topped clusters of small hawthorn-like bloom smother this tree-like shrub in June. The one-third inch long, oval, bright scarlet fruits hang on till after the leaves drop. An exceedingly useful but little known shrub.	e s

o-Indicates never transplanted. Each x indicates one transplanting. 50 of same variety and size at 100 rate; 500 at 1,000 rate.

Quercus Rubra (Red Oak) An excellent street tree and one of the most rapid growing Oaks. We obtain our seed from Northern Michigan where the best type seems to prevail. Leaves of the Red Oak are dull green and turn orange
Michigan where the best type seems to prevail. Leaves of the Red Oak are dull green and turn orange
Michigan where the best type seems to prevail. Leaves of the Red Oak are dull green and turn orange
and brown in the fall.
6-8 inch o 2 yr
Quercus Palustris (Pin Oak)
A handsome tree with drooping branches, forming a broad, shapely, pyramidal crown. Finely cut pointed leaves, ruddy green at time of opening, fading in autumn with tones of deep brilliant scarlet.
Spirea Anthony Waterer A free flowering variety of dwarfish habit which bears bright rosy-red flowers continually until Fall.
6-8 inch x Once Transplanted 6.00 50.00
6-8 inch x Once Transplanted
Syringa (Lilac). See complete assortment on page 20.
Tilia Platyphyllos (Large Leaf Linden)
A large stately tree with a handsome pyramidal crown. Leaves heart-shaped, dark green, turning yellow in autumn. Flowers large, yellowish white and fragrant.
8-10 inch o 2 yr
Tilia Vulgaris (Common Linden) A large tree with spreading branches forming a symmetrical round-topped crown. Leaves heart-
shaped, bright green, fading in autumn with tones of yellow and brown.
6-8 inch o 2 yr. 5.00 40.00
Viburnum Acerifolium (Maple Leaved Viburnum)
Maple-like bright green leaves fading with handsome purple tones in the autumn. Flowers creamy or
yellowish white. Blooms early. Berries black. Slender upright habit, 3 to 5 feet tall.
4-6 inch x Once Transplanted
Viburnum Dentatum (Arrowwood)
A bushy shrub. Leaves heart shaped, bright green coarsely toothed border. Very symmetrical in
growth. Height, 8 to 12 feet. Blue black berries. Flowers creamy white.
6-8 inch x Once Transplanted
Viburnum Lentago (Nanny Berry)
Shrub or small tree reaching 30 feet. Retains its bluish-black fruit all winter.
6-8 inch x Once Transplanted
Viburnum Opulus (Highbush Cranberry)
A tall upright growing shrub 8 to 10 feet tall. Flowers white with flat top clusters in late spring and
early summer. Berries scarlet, persisting all winter, very showy.
6-8 inch x Once Transplanted
Viburnum Opulus Flore Pleno
This is said to be an improvement over the Viburnum Opulus, having somewhat showier flowers.
6-8 inch x Once Transplanted
Viburnum Pubescens (Downy Viburnum)
This is one of the best of the shrubby species. Grows only 3 to 6 feet tall. Has somewhat pointed
leaves and compact clusters of white flowers which are followed by shining black fruit. No other Viburnum blooms more profusely.
6-8 inch x Once Transplanted
We allow 3% discount and box free when cash accompanies order.
o—Indicates never transplanted. Each x indicates one transplanting.

Hardy Evergreens for Winter Window Boxes

50 of same variety and size at 100 rate; 500 at 1,000 rate.



One of the many uses of Hill's Hardy Evergreens

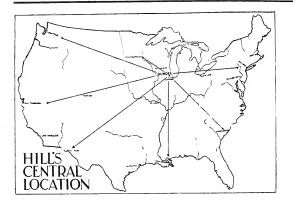
Usual supply of choice window box Evergreens will be ready for the fall 1926 trade.

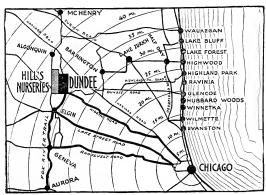
HILL'S NEW EVERGREEN INTRODUCTION



HILL'S DUNDEE JUNIPER

All available stock has been sold for this season, but more will be ready for fall delivery.





Paved roads from Chicago bring you direct to our Nursery.

How to Reach Our Nursery

Visitors are always welcome. We are conveniently located only 42 miles northwest of Chicago.

Convenient trains operate on both the C. & N. W. Railway and the C., M. & St. P. Railway between Chicago and Elgin (5 miles from Dundee). At Elgin interurban cars may be used or we will gladly meet trains at Elgin if notified by telephone, Dundee 217.

For an hourly service from Chicago, take the C., A, & E. Electric Line at Wells Street and Jackson Boulevard, direct to Elgin, transferring to the Dundee-Carpentersville car, getting off at Stop No. 4, from where it is but a two-minute walk direct to our office, which is located right on the nursery grounds.



XMAS TREES

Supply the Xmas Tree Market in Your Locality With Home Grown Trees



You can easily grow a patch of Xmas Trees to supply your local trade. Small transplanted sizes of Norway Spruce rapidly grow into money, bringing in business at the dull season. Each year wild trees are getting scarcer and it will be only a few seasons until the cutting of wild trees will be prohibited. You can start selling in three or four years at \$1.00 each and up. Planted at 2 feet each way you can plant about 10,000 trees per acre.

NORWAY SPRUCE (Picea Ex	celsa)
-------------------------	--------

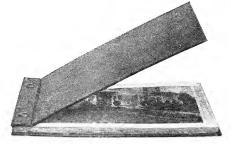
6-8	inch	Seedlings, 3 yr	2 50	g.	15.00
6-8	66	X	8.00		70.00
10-12		xx		1	140.00

Each x indicates one transplanting.

Hill's Evergreen Plate Book No. 2

Hill's Evergreen Plate Book No. 2. 50 four color process prints, made from photographs. There are 25 Evergreen views with descriptions, the other 25 views consist of leading varieties of Shrubs and Roses. Size of the binder is $5\frac{1}{2}x9$ inches, actual size of pictures 7x5 inches. Price with cloth cover is \$3.75. Price with genuine leather cover is \$4.50 each. We can also furnish individual pictures in quantity at 6 cents each.

Prompt
Parcel
Post
Delivery



Only \$3.75 and \$4.50 Post Paid

Ideal Loose Leaf Cover
Size 9 inches long and 5½ inches wide

THE D. HILL NURSERY CO., Inc.

Evergreen Specialists-Largest Growers in America

DUNDEE, ILLINOIS